The PSG Flexible Fund’s objective is to achieve superior medium- to long-term capital growth by investing in selected sectors of the equity, gilt and money markets, both locally and abroad. The fund has a flexible asset allocation mandate and equity exposure will be varied based on opportunity. The fund can invest up to 100% in equities of which up to 30% can be invested in foreign equity and may include listed and unlisted financial instruments (derivatives) in its portfolio. The selected sectors of the equity portion of the portfolio will change from time to time in accordance with changing market conditions and economic trends.

Who should consider investing?

Fund specific risks: The fund sits within the upper half of the risk/reward spectrum. Investors should be comfortable with fluctuations in stock markets and interest rates. The risk of short-term monetary loss is high. The portfolio is exposed to equity as well as default and interest rate risks. Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of fixed income investments tends to decrease when interest rates and/or inflation rises. Default risk is where the issuers of fixed income instruments may not be able to meet interest or capital repayments. Where derivatives are used, it may increase overall risk by magnifying the effect of both gains and losses and may lead to large financial losses. Property shares may be included in the portfolio which can carry the same risk as investing directly in real estate and is subject to economic and political conditions, interest rates and tax considerations. Investing in foreign securities may be subject to risks pertaining to overseas jurisdictions and markets, including (but not limited to) local liquidity, macroeconomic, political, tax, settlement risks and currency fluctuations. Changes in the relative values of different currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

This fund is suitable for investors who:
- want exposure to the equity market, but with managed risk levels
- aim to build wealth
- are willing to accept potential capital loss
- have a medium- to long-term investment horizon of five years and longer

Risk/reward profile

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk</th>
<th>Low</th>
<th>Medium</th>
<th>High</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Potential Return</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Higher risk requires a longer investment horizon</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Inception Date | 3 September 2013
Fund manager | Shaun le Roux and Mihail Motala
Fund size (ZAR) | R 12 111 536 765
Latest Distribution (cpu) | 6.11c ; 10.19c
Bi-annual distribution | 29 Feb 20; 31 Aug 19
ASISA sector | South African - Multi Asset - Flexible
Benchmark | CPI + 6%
Minimum Investment | As per the platform minimum
Regulation 28 Compliant | No

To invest

This class is only available on investment platforms. Speak to your financial adviser, visit www.psg.co.za or visit your platform of choice. Cut-off time for daily transactions are determined by investment platforms.
This chart shows how the performance can vary over time. It is an indication of the distribution of historical rolling returns from the portfolio over each rolling 12-month period.

What is a total expense ratio?

The Total Expense Ratio (TER) is the annualised percentage of the Fund’s average assets under management that has been used to pay the Fund’s actual expenses over the past three years. This percentage of the average Net Asset Value (NAV) of the portfolio was incurred as charges, levies and fees related to the management of the portfolio. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER ratio imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. Part of the Annual Management Fee is payable to the financial intermediary. The sum of the TER and transaction costs is shown as the Total Investment Charge. Since Fund returns are quoted after the deduction of these expenses, the TER and transaction costs should not be deducted again from published returns.

Performance fee

The fund’s daily net asset value per share (NAV) is compared to the fund’s High Water Mark (HWM highest NAV achieved) daily. Where the fund’s NAV is greater than the HWM, a performance fee equal to 7% (excl. VAT) of the out-performance is levied. The performance fee is accrued in the unit price daily and collected monthly. No performance fees are charged if the fund NAV is lower than the HWM NAV. The performance fee is uncapped with a since inception High Water Mark.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Base fee</th>
<th>0.75% (excl.VAT)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Threshold</td>
<td>High Water Mark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sharing ratio</td>
<td>7% (excl.VAT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Minimum fee</td>
<td>0.75% (excl.VAT)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum fee</td>
<td>Uncapped, with a since inception High Water Mark.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Expense Ratio (TER) (3 years)

| | 1.22% (incl.VAT) |

Example: You invest R100,000 in a fund today. The fund earns a 2% return over day 1 and the NAV at R102,000. A performance fee of 7% will be payable on the 2% gain. i.e. 0.14% (excl. VAT). Over day 2, the NAV reduces by R3,000 to R99,000. No performance fee is payable for day 2.

On day 3, NAV increases to R105,000. The performance fee will be payable on the 2.94% gain (NAV of R105 000 – R102 000 the previous HWM). The performance will now be 7% of 2.94% i.e. 0.02% (excl. VAT). The NAV of R105 000 is now the new HWM.

Disclaimer

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (CIS) are generally medium to long-term investments. The value of participatory interests (units) or the investment may go down as well as up and past performance is not a guide to future performance. Fluctuations or movements in the exchange rates may cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. CIS are traded at ruling prices and can engage in borrowing and scrip lending. The portfolio may borrow up to 10% of its market value to bridge insufficient cash flow. Where foreign securities are included in a portfolio, the portfolio is exposed to risks such as potential constraints on liquidity and the repatriation of funds, macroeconomic, political, foreign exchange, tax, settlement and potential limitations on the availability of market information. The portfolios may be capped at any time in order to be managed in accordance with their mandate. Excessive withdrawals from the portfolio may place the portfolio under liquidity pressures and in such circumstances a process of ring-fencing of withdrawal instructions and managed payouts over time may be followed. PSG Collective Investments (RF) Limited does not provide any guarantee either with respect to the capital or the return of the portfolio. Due to rounding, numbers presented throughout this document may not add up precisely to the totals provided.

Performance

All performance data for a lump sum, net of fees, include income and assume reinvestment of income on a NAV to NAV basis. Annualised performances show longer term performance rescaled over a 12 month period. Individual investor performance may differ as a result of initial fees, the actual investment date, the date of reinvestment and dividend withholding tax. Performance is calculated for the portfolio and individual investor performance may differ as a result thereof. The portfolio is valued at 15h00 daily.

Income distributions are net of any applicable tax. Actual annual figures are available to the investor on request. Prices are published daily and available on the website www.psg.co.za/asset-management and in the daily newspapers. Figures quoted are from Morningstar Inc.

Pricing

Forward pricing is used. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value (NAV) basis, which is the market value of all assets in the portfolio including income accruals less permissible deductions divided by the number of units in issue.

This is the Minimum Disclosure Document (MDD) for the PSG Flexible Fund E.