Objectives and investment policy summary

The Fund aims to provide long-term capital growth.

The Fund invests around the world primarily in the shares of companies.

The Fund focuses investment on companies deemed by the Investment Manager to be of high quality i.e. companies which have provided sustainably high levels of return on invested capital and free cash flow (a company’s cash earnings after its capital expenditures have been accounted for), typically those associated with global brands or franchises.

Derivatives (financial contracts whose value is linked to the price of an underlying asset) may be used for efficient portfolio management purposes e.g. with the aim of either managing the Fund risks or reducing the costs of managing the Fund.
Income distributions (cents per class unit)
An accumulation share will not make income payments to shareholders but will instead accrue the income daily in the net asset value of the share class.

Asset allocation (%)

Equity 90.2
Cash 9.8

Top holdings (%)
VISA Inc 7.9
Microsoft Corp 6.4
Moody’s Corp 5.8
Verisign Inc 5.0
Booking Holdings Inc 4.3
Roche Holding AG 4.2
Nestle SA 4.1
ASML Holding NV 4.0
Beiersdorf AG 3.5
Johnson & Johnson 3.4
Total 48.6

Number of equity holdings: 28

Sector analysis (%)
Information Technology 32.4
Consumer Staples 19.5
Financials 15.2
Health Care 12.5
Communication Services 6.3
Consumer Discretionary 4.3
Cash 9.8
Total 100.0

Geographic allocation (%)
United States 57.2
Europe ex UK 19.5
United Kingdom 7.1
Other 2.8
Far East ex Japan 2.0
Emerging Markets 1.6
Cash 9.8
Total 100.0

The portfolio may change significantly over a short period of time. This is not a buy or sell recommendation for any particular security. Figures may not always sum to 100 due to rounding.

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**General risks**
The value of these investments, and any income generated from them, will be affected by changes in interest rates, general market conditions and other political, social and economic developments, as well as by specific matters relating to the assets in which they invest. Past performance should not be taken as a guide to the future. The Fund’s objectives will not necessarily be achieved and there is no guarantee that these investments will make profits; losses may be made. This Fund may not be appropriate for investors who plan to withdraw their money within the short to medium term.

**Specific fund risks**

**Charges from capital:** For Inc-2 and Inc-3 shares classes, expenses are charged to the capital account rather than to income, so capital will be reduced. This could constrain future capital and income growth. Income may be taxable.

**Concentrated portfolio:** The portfolio invests in a relatively small number of individual holdings. This may mean wider fluctuations in value than more broadly invested portfolios.

**Currency exchange:** Changes in the relative values of different currencies may adversely affect the value of investments and any related income.

**Derivatives:** The use of derivatives is not intended to increase the overall level of risk. However, the use of derivatives may still lead to large changes in value and includes the potential for large financial loss. A counterparty to a derivative transaction may fail to meet its obligations which may also lead to a financial loss.

**Equity investment:** The value of equities (e.g., shares) and equity-related investments may vary according to company profits and future prospects as well as more general market factors. In the event of a company default (e.g., insolvency), the owners of their equity rank last in terms of any financial payment from that company.

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**Important information**
This is an advertising communication. We recommend that you seek independent financial advice to ensure this Fund is suitable for your investment needs.

All the information contained in this communication is believed to be reliable but may be inaccurate or incomplete. Any opinions stated are honestly held but are not guaranteed and should not be relied upon.

This communication is provided for general information only. It is not an invitation to make an investment nor does it constitute an offer for sale. The full documentation that should be considered before making an investment, including the Prospectus and Key Investor Information Documents, which set out the Fund specific risks, are available from Ninety One. A rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold a fund.

The Fund is a sub-fund of the Ninety One Global Strategy Fund, which is a UCITS authorised by the CSSF and organised as a Société d’Investissement à Capital Variable under the law of Luxembourg. Ninety One Luxembourg S.A. (registered in Luxembourg No. B 162485 and regulated by the Commission de Surveillance du Secteur Financier) is the Manager of the Fund. This communication should not be distributed to retail customers who are resident in countries where the Fund is not registered for sale or in any other circumstances where its distribution is not authorised or is unlawful.

Fund prices and English language copies of the Prospectus, annual and semi-annual Report & Accounts, Articles of Incorporation and local language copies of the Key Investor Information Documents may be obtained from www.ninetyone.com. In Switzerland, this information is available free of charge from - RBC Investor Services Bank S.A., Esch-sur-Alzette, Blecherweg 7, CH-8027 Zurich, Switzerland. In Spain, the Ninety One Global Strategy Fund is registered with the Comisión Nacional de Mercados y Valores as a foreign collective investment scheme marketed in Spain, with the number 734.

In the USA, this communication should only be read by institutional investors, professional financial advisors and, at their exclusive discretion, their eligible clients. It must not be distributed to US Persons apart from the aforementioned recipients. THIS INVESTMENT IS NOT FOR SALE TO US PERSONS. In Australia, this communication is provided for general information only to wholesale clients (as defined in the Corporations Act 2001).
Glossary summary

Alpha: Jensen’s alpha is a risk adjusted measure of a fund’s performance relative to its performance comparison benchmark.

Beta: A measure of the volatility of a fund relative to its performance comparison index. A Beta of more than 1 indicates that the fund is more volatile than the market. The reverse applies to a Beta of less than 1.

Credit rating: A score awarded by an independent rating agency to indicate the financial strength of the issuer of a bond, and the potential for default on interest and principal payments. The top credit rating is ’AAA’ and the lowest rating is ’CCC’. A value between these extremes is known as a corporate rating.

Distribution types

Accumulation (Acc): An accumulation share will not make income payments to shareholders but will instead accrue the income daily in the net asset value of the share class.

Income (Inc): An income share will distribute all or part of the income accruing in that share class.

Income-2 (Inc-2): These distribute the income accruing in the share class and charge all their expenses to capital. This maximises the income available for distribution – although it also reduces capital by an amount equal to the income distribution.

Income-3 (Inc-3): These share classes are similar to Inc-2 share classes in that they charge all their expenses to capital in order to maximise the amount of distributable income. Additionally, Inc-3 share classes aim to provide a consistent distribution rate which is based on the investment manager’s expectation of the long term underlying yield. To achieve this they may make distributions from capital or carry over excess income from one calendar year to the next. As the income rate is based on a forecast, there is a risk that future income generated by the fund is underestimated leading to distributions being taken from capital which could also constrain future capital and income growth.

Duration: This is a measure of risk for funds which invest in bonds as it predicts the sensitivity of the value of a fund’s portfolio given changes in interest rates. The higher the value the greater the volatility of the fund’s performance resulting from changes to interest rates. The Modified duration is shown.

GSF: Ninety One Global Strategy Fund.

Information ratio: A measure of a portfolio manager’s skill against a performance comparison index. The over or underperformance of the fund relative to its performance comparison index is divided by the tracking error. In this way, we arrive at the value, per unit of extra risk assumed, that the manager’s decisions have added to what the market would have delivered anyway. The higher the information ratio the better.

KIID SRRI: The Synthetic Risk Reward Indicator (SRRI) which appears in the Key Investor Information Document (KIID). A number on a scale of 1 to 7 based on how much the value of a fund has fluctuated over the past 5 years (or an estimate if the fund has a shorter track record). A rating of 1 represents the lower end of the risk scale with potentially lower rewards available whilst a rating of 7 reflects higher risk but potentially higher rewards.

Maturity profile: The average life of each bond in a fund’s portfolio, weighted by value.

Morningstar ‘star’ ratings: The overall rating for a fund, often called the ‘star rating’, is a third party rating derived from a quantitative methodology that rates funds based on an enhanced Morningstar™ Risk-Adjusted Return measure. ‘Star ratings’ run from 1 star (lowest) to 5 stars (highest) and are reviewed at the end of every calendar month. The various funds are ranked by their Morningstar™ Risk-Adjusted Return scores and relevant stars are assigned. It is important to note that individual shareclasses of each fund are evaluated separately and their ratings may differ depending on the launch date, fees and expenses relevant to the share class. In order to achieve a rating the share class of a fund must have a minimum three-year performance track record.

Ongoing charge: This figure includes the annual management fee and administrative costs but excludes any performance fee or portfolio transaction costs (except in the case of an entry or exit charge paid by a fund when buying or selling units in another fund). Ongoing charges may vary from year to year.

NAV: The Net Asset Value (NAV) represents the value of the assets of a fund less its liabilities.

Sector: A peer group of funds managed to a similar investment policy. Not every fund will have a relevant sector, but for those that do, a full list of the funds included in the sector can be obtained from us on request.

Tracking error: A measure of how much a fund’s returns deviate from those of its performance comparison index. The lower the number the closer the fund’s historic performance has followed that of its performance comparison index.

Volatility: The amount by which the performance of a fund fluctuates over a given period.

YTD: Year to date.

Yields

Yield: The Yield reflects distributions declared over the past 12 months as a percentage of the mid-market share price, as at the date shown. Yields do not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.